ABSTRACT SUBMISSION FORM

REGRESSION OF MALIGNANT TUMOURS FOLLOWING A NEW METHOD OF TREATMENT UTILIZING HOMOEOPATHIC MEDICINES

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Recent publications regarding the role of homoeopathic medicines on containment of neoplasms, commands for a thorough exploration in this area. Over the last decades, we have treated thousands of cancer patients utilizing medicines prepared according to the homoeopathic pharmacopoeia. Specific medicines against particular malignant tumours, an alien and non-permissive concept according to classical homoeopathy, are the basis of this new method of treatment.

Specific medicines were selected from a wide array of homoeopathic medicines following different criteria. In this presentation, among thousands of patients treated by us, only patients suffering from malignant tumours of the oesophagus, lungs and brain, with complete documentations were considered. The two homoeopathic preparations – Condurango 30c and Arjuna θ were used to treat forty seven histologically proven oesophageal carcinoma cases - thirty six cases were treated with Condurango and eleven with Arjuna. Kali Carbonicum 200c was used to treat two hundred seventy five bronchogenic carcinoma cases; Ruta graveolens 6c with Calcarea Phosphorica 3X were used to treat two hundred eighty one brain tumour cases. Standard protocols as per tumour type were followed in all the cases to evaluate the efficacy of the treatment.

In general, we found that tumours in 19% of all these patients were completely regressed, in 21% cases tumours became static and the remaining cases either discontinued (26%) the treatment or deteriorated (34%). All regressed cases became symptom free and are now leading normal lives even after two to ten years.

This new method of treatment utilizing specific homoeopathic medicines for specific tumours appears to be an effective approach for treating malignant tumours.